

# watco® SAFETY DATA SHEET

Clear Powerfloat Primer - Curing Agent

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

### 1.1 Product identifier

**Product name** : Clear Powerfloat Primer - Curing Agent  
**Product description** : Coating.  
**Product type** : Liquid.  
**UFI** : PS01-501M-C009-5WUE

### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses	
Consumer Industrial Professional	
Uses advised against	Reason
None identified.	-

### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Watco UK Limited  
Eastgate Court  
195-205 High Street  
Guildford  
Surrey  
GU1 3EH  
Telephone no.: +44 (0) 1483 425000 (08:00 - 18:00)  
Fax no.: +44 (0) 1483 428888  
**e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS** : rpmeurohas@rustoleum.eu

### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

#### National advisory body/Poison Centre

Telephone number Ireland : 809 2166  
Available 8am to 10pm 7 days per week

#### Supplier

Telephone number Ireland : +353 19014670  
Hours of operation : 24 / 7

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

**Product definition** : Mixture

#### Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Skin Corr. 1, H314  
Eye Dam. 1, H318  
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

### 2.2 Label elements

**Hazard pictograms** :



**Signal word** : Danger

**Hazard statements** : H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.  
H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Precautionary statements**

**General** : P103 - Read carefully and follow all instructions.  
P102 - Keep out of reach of children.  
P101 - If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

**Prevention** : P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection.

**Response** : P301 + P310, P330, P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.  
P303 + P361 + P353, P310 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.  
P305 + P351 + P338, P310 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

**Storage** : P405 - Store locked up.

**Disposal** : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

**Hazardous ingredients** : Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)],  $\alpha$ -(2-aminomethylethyl)- $\omega$ -(2-aminomethylethoxy)-prepolymer from bisphenol-A-diglycidylether, polyethylene glycol, triethylentetramine and cresylglycidylether.

**Supplemental label elements** : EUH208 - Contains 1,2-Ethanediamine, N-(2-aminoethyl)-, reaction products with glycidyl Ph ether. May produce an allergic reaction.

**Supplemental label elements : Detergents - Regulation (EC) No 907/2006** : Not applicable.

**Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles** : Not applicable.

**Special packaging requirements**

**Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings** : Yes, applicable.

**Tactile warning of danger** : Yes, applicable.

### 2.3 Other hazards

**Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII**

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

**Other hazards which do not result in classification** : None known.

Clear Powerfloat Primer - Curing Agent

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### 3.2 Mixtures : Mixture Ireland

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Type
Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)], $\alpha$ -(2-aminomethylethyl)- $\omega$ -(2-aminomethylethoxy)-	REACH #: 01-2119557899-12 CAS: 9046-10-0 List #: 618-561-0	$\leq 5$	Skin Corr. 1C, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	-	[1]
prepolymer from bisphenol-A-diglycidylether, polyethylene glycol, triethylentetramine and cresylglycidylether.	CAS: 362679-94-5 List #: 638-789-4	$\leq 5$	Eye Dam. 1, H318	-	[1]
alkylaryl polyglycoether n.o.s.	CAS: -	$\leq 3$	Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	-	[1]
1-methoxy-2-propanol	REACH #: 01-2119457435-35 EC: 203-539-1 CAS: 107-98-2 Index: 603-064-00-3	$\leq 3$	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336	-	[1] [2]
benzyl alcohol	REACH #: 01-2119492630-38 EC: 202-859-9 CAS: 100-51-6 Index: 603-057-00-5	$\leq 3$	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Eye Irrit. 2, H319	ATE [Oral] = 1620 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (dusts and mists)] = 4,178 mg/l	[1]
1,2-Ethanediamine, N-(2-aminoethyl)-, reaction products with glycidyl Ph ether	EC: 291-221-3 CAS: 90366-78-2	$\leq 1$	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 3, H331 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336	ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 3 mg/l	[1]
Dodecan-1-ol, ethoxylated	EC: 500-002-6 CAS: 9002-92-0	$\leq 1$	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 <b>See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.</b>	ATE [Oral] = 500 mg/kg M [Acute] = 1 M [Chronic] = 1	[1]

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

#### Type

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

List numbers have no legal significance.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

- Eye contact** : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.
- Inhalation** : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
- Skin contact** : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
- Ingestion** : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain  
watering  
redness
- Inhalation** : No specific data.
- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain or irritation  
redness  
blistering may occur
- Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
stomach pains

### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

- Notes to physician** : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
- Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.

## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

### 5.1 Extinguishing media

**Suitable extinguishing media** : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

**Unsuitable extinguishing media** : None known.

### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

**Hazards from the substance or mixture** : In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

**Hazardous combustion products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:  
carbon dioxide  
carbon monoxide  
nitrogen oxides

### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

**Special protective actions for fire-fighters** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

**Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

**For non-emergency personnel** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

**For emergency responders** : If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

### 6.2 Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

**Small spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

**Large spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.

Clear Powerfloat Primer - Curing Agent

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

- 6.4 Reference to other sections** : See Section 1 for emergency contact information.  
See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.  
See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance.

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

- Protective measures** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
- Advice on general occupational hygiene** : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

- Recommendations** : Not available.
- Industrial sector specific solutions** : Not available.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

### 8.1 Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

#### Ireland

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
1-methoxy-2-propanol	<b>NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). Absorbed through skin. Notes: EU derived Occupational Exposure Limit Values</b> OELV-8hr: 100 ppm 8 hours. OELV-8hr: 375 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. OELV-15min: 150 ppm 15 minutes. OELV-15min: 568 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

**Recommended monitoring procedures** : If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

### DNELs/DMELs

Product/ingredient name	Type	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
1-methoxy-2-propanol	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	553,5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	369 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	50,6 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	43,9 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population [Consumers]	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	18,1 mg/kg bw/day	General population [Consumers]	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	3,3 mg/kg bw/day	General population [Consumers]	Systemic
benzyl alcohol	DNEL	Short term Dermal	47 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	450 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	9,5 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	90 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	28,5 mg/kg bw/day	General population [Consumers]	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	40,55 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population [Consumers]	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Oral	25 mg/kg bw/day	General population [Consumers]	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	5,7 mg/kg bw/day	General population [Consumers]	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	8,11 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population [Consumers]	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	5 mg/kg bw/day	General population [Consumers]	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	20 mg/kg	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	4 mg/kg	General population	Systemic

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

	DNEL	Long term Dermal	8 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Oral	20 mg/kg	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	4 mg/kg	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	27 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	5,4 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	22 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	110 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	40 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic

### PNECs

Product/ingredient name	Compartment Detail	Value	Method Detail
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Fresh water	10 mg/l	-
	Fresh water sediment	41,6 mg/l	-
	Marine water sediment	4,17 mg/l	-
	Soil	2,47 mg/l	-
	Sewage Treatment Plant	100 mg/l	-
	benzyl alcohol	Fresh water	1 mg/l
Marine		0,1 mg/l	Assessment Factors
Fresh water sediment		5,27 mg/kg	Assessment Factors
Marine water sediment		0,527 mg/kg	Assessment Factors
Soil		0,456 mg/kg	Assessment Factors
Sewage Treatment Plant		39 mg/l	Assessment Factors
Fresh water		2,3 mg/l	-
Sewage Treatment Plant		39 mg/l	-
Fresh water sediment		5,27 mg/kg	-
Soil		0,456 mg/kg	-
Marine water sediment		0,527 mg/kg	-
Fresh water		1 mg/l	-
Marine water		0,1 mg/l	-

## 8.2 Exposure controls

**Appropriate engineering controls** : If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapour or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

### Individual protection measures

**Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

**Eye/face protection** : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. Use eye protection according to EN 166. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead. Recommended: (EN 166) chemical splash goggles and/or face shield.

### Skin protection



## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals.

The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product.

The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed.

Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material.

Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly.

The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance.

Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.

- Hand protection** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. > 8 hours (breakthrough time): polyvinyl chloride (PVC) (EN 374)
- The recommendation for the type or types of glove to use when handling this product is based on information from the following source: EN374. The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.
- Body protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. Recommended: (EN 467) Overalls buttoned to the neck and wrist.
- Other skin protection** : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Respiratory protection** : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use. Recommended: organic vapour filter (Type A) (EN 141)
- Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

- Physical state** : Liquid.
- Colour** : White.
- Odour** : Slight
- Odour threshold** : Not available.
- Melting point/freezing point** : Not available.
- Initial boiling point and boiling range** : Not relevant due to nature of the product.
- Flammability (solid, gas)** : Not available.
- Lower and upper explosion limit** : Not available.
- Flash point** : Closed cup: >100°C (>212°F) [Literature]

Clear Powerfloat Primer - Curing Agent

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

<b>Auto-ignition temperature</b>	: Not relevant due to nature of the product.
<b>Decomposition temperature</b>	: Not available.
<b>pH</b>	: 11 [Conc. (% w/w): 100%]
<b>pH : Justification</b>	: Not available.
<b>Viscosity</b>	: Dynamic: >200 mPa·s [Literature]
<b>Solubility(ies)</b>	: Not available.
<b>Solubility in water</b>	: Not available.
<b>Miscible with water</b>	: Yes.
<b>Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water</b>	: Not applicable.
<b>Vapour pressure</b>	: 2,3 kPa (17,5 mm Hg) [Literature]
<b>Evaporation rate</b>	: Not available.
<b>Relative density</b>	: 1 to 1,1
<b>Density</b>	: 1,45 g/cm <sup>3</sup> [20°C (68°F)] [DIN 53217]
<b>Vapour density</b>	: Not available.
<b>Explosive properties</b>	: Not available.
<b>Oxidising properties</b>	: Not available.
<b>Particle characteristics</b>	
<b>Median particle size</b>	: Not applicable.

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

<b>10.1 Reactivity</b>	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
<b>10.2 Chemical stability</b>	: The product is stable.
<b>10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions</b>	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
<b>10.4 Conditions to avoid</b>	: No specific data.
<b>10.5 Incompatible materials</b>	: No specific data.
<b>10.6 Hazardous decomposition products</b>	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)], α-(2-aminomethylethyl)-ω-(2-aminomethylethoxy)-	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	>0,74 mg/l	8 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	<0,74 mg/l	8 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	360 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	242 mg/kg	-
1-methoxy-2-propanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	30,02 mg/l	4 hours

Clear Powerfloat Primer - Curing Agent

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

benzyl alcohol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	13 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	11700 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat - Male, Female	4016 mg/kg	-
	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	4,178 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1620 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1660 mg/kg	-

**Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
benzyl alcohol	1620	N/A	N/A	N/A	4,178
1,2-Ethanediamine, N-(2-aminoethyl)-, reaction products with glycidyl Ph ether	N/A	N/A	N/A	3	N/A
Dodecan-1-ol, ethoxylated	500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)], α-(2-aminomethylethyl)-ω-(2-aminomethylethoxy)-	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	-	-
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	1,01 to 4 hours	-
benzyl alcohol	Eyes - Irritant	Rabbit	-	-	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Pig	-	100 Percent	-

### Conclusion/Summary

**Skin** : Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

**Eyes** : Causes serious eye damage.

**Respiratory** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Sensitisation

#### Conclusion/Summary

**Skin** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Respiratory** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Mutagenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Carcinogenicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
benzyl alcohol	Negative - Oral - TD	Rat	-	103 weeks; 5 days per week

**Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Reproductive toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Maternal toxicity	Fertility	Developmental toxin	Species	Dose	Exposure
Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)], α-(2-aminomethylethyl)-ω-(2-aminomethylethoxy)-	-	-	Positive	Rat	Dermal: 30 mg/kg	-

Clear Powerfloat Primer - Curing Agent

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

**Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Teratogenicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
benzyl alcohol	Negative - Route of exposure unreported	Mouse - Female	550 mg/kg	-

**Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
1,2-Ethanediamine, N-(2-aminoethyl)-, reaction products with glycidyl Ph ether	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

### Aspiration hazard

Not available.

**Information on likely routes of exposure** : Not available.

### Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : Causes serious eye damage.  
**Inhalation** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.  
**Skin contact** : Causes severe burns.  
**Ingestion** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain  
watering  
redness
- Inhalation** : No specific data.
- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain or irritation  
redness  
blistering may occur
- Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
stomach pains

### Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

#### Short term exposure

- Potential immediate effects** : Not available.  
**Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

#### Long term exposure

- Potential immediate effects** : Not available.  
**Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

### Potential chronic health effects

Clear Powerfloat Primer - Curing Agent

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Not available.

- Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- General** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Carcinogenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Mutagenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Reproductive toxicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### 11.2 Information on other hazards

#### 11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

#### 11.2.2 Other information

Not available.

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### 12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)], $\alpha$ -(2-aminomethylethyl)- $\omega$ -(2-aminomethylethoxy)-	Acute EC50 15 mg/l	Daphnia spec.	48 hours
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Acute IC50 135 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
	Acute EC50 >1000 mg/l	Algae - Selenastrum capricomutum	7 days
benzyl alcohol	Acute EC50 23300 mg/l	Daphnia spec.	96 hours
	Acute LC50 6812 mg/l Fresh water	Fish	96 hours
	Acute EC50 770 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	Acute LC50 646 mg/l	Fish - Leuciscus idus	48 hours
	Acute LC50 460000 $\mu$ g/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	96 hours
	Acute NOEC 310 mg/l	Algae	72 hours

**Conclusion/Summary** : Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
1-methoxy-2-propanol	OECD 301E	96 % - Readily - 28 days	-	-
	OECD 301C	88 to 92 % - Readily - 28 days	-	-
	-	>90 % - Readily - 5 days	1,95 gO <sub>2</sub> /g ThOD	-
benzyl alcohol	OECD 301A	96 % - Readily - 21 days	-	-

**Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. This product has not been tested for biodegradation.

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Fresh water <28 days, 5 to 25°C	-	Readily
benzyl alcohol	-	-	Readily

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Clear Powerfloat Primer - Curing Agent

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	LogP <sub>ow</sub>	BCF	Potential
Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)], α-(2-aminomethylethyl)-ω-(2-aminomethylethoxy)-1-methoxy-2-propanol	1,34	-	low
benzyl alcohol	<1 0,87	<100 -	low low

### 12.4 Mobility in soil

**Soil/water partition coefficient (K<sub>oc</sub>)** : Not available.

**Mobility** : Not available.

### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

### 12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance.

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

#### Product

**Methods of disposal** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

**Hazardous waste** : Yes.





#### European waste catalogue (EWC)

Waste code	Waste designation
08 01 19*	aqueous suspensions containing paint or varnish containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances

**Special precautions** : This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Clear Powerfloat Primer - Curing Agent

## SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
<b>14.1 UN number or ID number</b>	UN3066	UN3066	UN3066	UN3066
<b>14.2 UN proper shipping name</b>	Paint	Paint	Paint	Paint
<b>14.3 Transport hazard class(es)</b>	8 	8 	8 	8 
<b>14.4 Packing group</b>	III	III	III	III
<b>14.5 Environmental hazards</b>	No.	No.	No.	No.
<b><u>Additional information</u></b>	<b>Limited quantity</b> : ≤ 5L <b>Tunnel code</b> (E)		<b>Emergency schedules</b> : F-A, S-B <b>Remarks</b> : ≤ 5L: Limited Quantity - IMDG 3.4	<b>Quantity limitation</b> Passenger and Cargo Aircraft: 5 L. Packaging instructions: 852. Cargo Aircraft Only: 60 L. Packaging instructions: 856. Limited Quantities - Passenger Aircraft: 1 L. Packaging instructions: Y841.

**14.6 Special precautions for user** : **Transport within user's premises**: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

**14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments** : Not available.

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

**15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture**

**EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)**

**Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation**

**Annex XIV**

None of the components are listed.

**Substances of very high concern**

None of the components are listed.

**Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles** : Not applicable.

Clear Powerfloat Primer - Curing Agent

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### Other EU regulations

**VOC** : The provisions of Directive 2004/42/EC on VOC apply to this product. Refer to the product label and/or technical data sheet for further information.

**VOC for Ready-for-Use Mixture** : IIA/j. Two-pack reactive performance coatings for specific end use such as floors. EU limit value for this product : 140g/l (2010.)  
This product contains a maximum of 50 g/l VOC.

**Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Air** : Not listed

**Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Water** : Not listed

### Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EC)

Not listed.

### Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EC)

Not listed.

### Persistent Organic Pollutants (850/2004/EC)

Not listed.

### Seveso Directive

This product is not controlled under the Seveso Directive.

### Ireland

**Biocidal products regulation** : Not applicable.

**References** : Safety, Health and Welfare at Work (Chemical Agents) Regulations 2001 (S.I. No. 619 of 2001)  
Safety, Health and Welfare at Work (Carcinogens) Regulations 2001 (S.I. No. 78 of 2001)  
Safety, Health and Welfare at Work (General Application) Regulations 2007  
Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Regulation (EU) No. 2020/878  
REGULATION (EU) 2016/425 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 9 March 2016 on personal protective equipment and repealing Council Directive 89/686/EEC

### International regulations

#### Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

List name	Ingredient name	Status
Not listed.		

#### Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

#### UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

List name	Ingredient name	Status
Not listed.		

**CN code** : 3209 90 00 00

### Inventory list

**Australia** : At least one component is not listed.

**Canada** : At least one component is not listed.



Clear Powerfloat Primer - Curing Agent

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

<b>China</b>	: All components are listed or exempted.
<b>Eurasian Economic Union</b>	: <b>Russian Federation inventory</b> : Not determined.
<b>Japan</b>	: <b>Japan inventory (CSCL)</b> : Not determined. <b>Japan inventory (ISHL)</b> : Not determined.
<b>New Zealand</b>	: All components are listed or exempted.
<b>Philippines</b>	: At least one component is not listed.
<b>Republic of Korea</b>	: At least one component is not listed.
<b>Taiwan</b>	: All components are listed or exempted.
<b>Thailand</b>	: Not determined.
<b>Turkey</b>	: Not determined.
<b>United States</b>	: Not determined.
<b>Viet Nam</b>	: Not determined.

**15.2 Chemical safety assessment** : This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still required.

## SECTION 16: Other information

✔ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

<b>Abbreviations and acronyms</b>	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008] DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement N/A = Not available PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number SGG = Segregation Group vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative
-----------------------------------	--

### Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Skin Corr. 1, H314	Expert judgment
Eye Dam. 1, H318	Expert judgment
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	Expert judgment

### Full text of abbreviated H statements

#### Ireland

#### **Full text of abbreviated H statements**

H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Clear Powerfloat Primer - Curing Agent

## SECTION 16: Other information

<a href="#">Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]</a>	:	Acute Tox. 3	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 3
		Acute Tox. 4	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4
		Aquatic Acute 1	SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
		Aquatic Chronic 1	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
		Aquatic Chronic 3	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3
		Eye Dam. 1	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
		Eye Irrit. 2	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
		Flam. Liq. 3	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
		Skin Corr. 1	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1
		Skin Corr. 1B	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B
		Skin Corr. 1C	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1C
		Skin Sens. 1	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1
		STOT SE 3	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3

**Date of printing** : 15/03/2023

**Date of issue/ Date of revision** : 15/03/2023

**Date of previous issue** : 01/12/2022

**Version** : 4.01

### Notice to reader

**IMPORTANT NOTE:** The information in this Safety Data Sheet is based on the present state of knowledge and current legislation. It provides guidance on health, safety and environmental aspects of the product and should not be construed as any guarantee of technical performance or suitability for particular applications. The information contained in this data sheet (as may be amended from time to time) is not intended to be exhaustive and is presented in good faith and believed to be correct as of the date on which it is prepared. It is the user's responsibility to verify that this data sheet is current prior to using the product to which it relates. Persons using the information must make their own determinations as to the suitability of the relevant product for their purposes prior to use. Where those purposes are other than as specifically recommended in this safety data sheet, then the user uses the product at their own risk.

**MANUFACTURER'S DISCLAIMER:** the conditions, methods and factors affecting the handling, storage, application, use and disposal of the product are not under the control and knowledge of the manufacturer. Therefore the manufacturer does not assume responsibility for any adverse events which may occur in the handling, storage, application, use, misuse or disposal of the product and, so far as permitted by applicable law, the manufacturer expressly disclaims liability for any and all loss, damages and/or expenses arising out of or in any way connected to the storage, handling, use or disposal of the product. Safe handling, storage, use and disposal are the responsibility of the users. Users must comply with all applicable health and safety laws.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.