

# **Watco**° SAFETY DATA SHEET

Concrex Carbon Fibre - Curing Agent

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

**Product name** : Concrex Carbon Fibre - Curing Agent

**Product description** : repair product

**Product type** : Liquid.

UFI : XH91-S0F3-K00S-MR90

#### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

|  | Identified uses |  |
|--|-----------------|--|
| Professional use<br>Industrial use<br>Consumer use |                 |  |

| Uses advised against | Reason |
|----------------------|--------|
| None identified.     | -      |

### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Watco UK Limited **Eastgate Court** 195-205 High Street Guildford Surrey

GU13EH

Telephone no.: +44 (0) 1483 425000 (08:00 - 18:00)

Fax no.: +44 (0) 1483 428888

e-mail address of person

: rpmeurohas@rustoleum.eu

responsible for this SDS

### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

**National advisory body/Poison Centre** 

**Supplier** 

Telephone number : +353 19014670

**Hours of operation** : 24/7

### SECTION 2: Hazards identification

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

**Product definition** : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Skin Corr. 1B. H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Repr. 2, H361 **STOT RE 1, H372** Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 01/06/2022 : 01/06/2022 Version : 4.05 1/19 Date of previous issue

Concrex Carbon Fibre - Curing Agent

## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms









Signal word : Danger

**Hazard statements** : Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Precautionary statements** 

General : P103 - Read carefully and follow all instructions.

P102 - Keep out of reach of children.

P101 - If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

**Prevention**: P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.

P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection.

P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

P260 - Do not breathe vapour.

Response : P391 - Collect spillage.

P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. P301 + P310, P330, P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON

CENTER or doctor. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P303 + P361 + P353, P310 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all

contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. Immediately call a POISON CENTER

or doctor.

P305 + P351 + P338, P310 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

Storage : P405 - Store locked up.

Disposal : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional,

national and international regulations.

**Hazardous ingredients**: Phenol, styrenated

2-piperazin-1-ylethylamine

2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol bis[(dimethylamino)methyl]phenol

Supplemental label

elements

: Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed. Do not

breathe spray or mist.

Supplemental label elements : Detergents - Regulation (EC) No

907/2006

: Not applicable.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles : Not applicable.

**Special packaging requirements** 

Containers to be fitted

with child-resistant

: Yes, applicable.

fastenings

**Tactile warning of danger**: Yes, applicable.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 01/06/2022 Date of previous issue : 01/06/2022 Version : 4.05 2/19

Concrex Carbon Fibre - Curing Agent

## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.3 Other hazards

### Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

: None known.

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

#### Ireland

| Product/ingredient name                | Identifiers   | %         | Regulation (EC) No.<br>1272/2008 [CLP]   | Туре    |
|--|---|-----------|--|---------|
| Phenol, styrenated                     | REACH #:<br>01-2119980970-27<br>EC: 262-975-0<br>CAS: 61788-44-1                    | ≥25 - ≤50 | Skin Irrit. 2, H315<br>Skin Sens. 1, H317<br>Aquatic Chronic 2,<br>H411  | [1]     |
| 2-piperazin-1-ylethylamine             | REACH #:<br>01-2119471486-30<br>EC: 205-411-0<br>CAS: 140-31-8<br>Index: 205-411-0  | ≥25 - ≤50 | Acute Tox. 4, H302<br>Acute Tox. 3, H311<br>Skin Corr. 1B, H314<br>Eye Dam. 1, H318<br>Skin Sens. 1, H317<br>Repr. 2, H361<br>STOT RE 1, H372<br>Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 | [1]     |
| ethanol                                | REACH #: Not yet registered<br>EC: 200-578-6<br>CAS: 64-17-5<br>Index: 603-002-00-5 | ≤5        | Flam. Liq. 2, H225<br>Eye Irrit. 2, H319   | [1] [2] |
| nitric acid, ammonium calcium salt     | EC: 239-289-5<br>CAS: 15245-12-2  | ≤3        | Acute Tox. 4, H302<br>Eye Dam. 1, H318   | [1]     |
| 2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl) phenol | EC: 202-013-9<br>CAS: 90-72-2   | ≤3        | Skin Corr. 1C, H314<br>Eye Dam. 1, H318<br>Skin Sens. 1B, H317   | [1]     |
| bis[(dimethylamino)methyl]phenol       | REACH #:<br>01-2119560597-27<br>EC: 275-162-0<br>CAS: 71074-89-0                    | ≤1        | Skin Corr. 1C, H314<br>Eye Dam. 1, H318<br>Skin Sens. 1B, H317   | [1]     |
|  |   |           | See Section 16 for<br>the full text of the H<br>statements declared<br>above.  |         |

### **Sweden**

#### **Type**

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit
- [3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [5] Substance of equivalent concern
- [6] Additional disclosure due to company policy

This mixture contains ≥ 1% of titanium dioxide. The Annex VI classification of titanium dioxide does not apply to this mixture according to Note 10.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 01/06/2022 Date of previous issue : 01/06/2022 Version : 4.05 3/19

Concrex Carbon Fibre - Curing Agent

| Control of Calibor 1 late Calling Agent   |                        |  |  |  |
|---|------------------------|--|--|--|
| SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients   |                        |  |  |  |
| SCL (Specific Concentration Limits) Not applicable.   | Not applicable.        |  |  |  |
| ATE (acute toxicity estimates) Not applicable.  | Not applicable.        |  |  |  |
| Nanoform Particle characteristics Contains >0.1% - <1% silicon dioxide CAS# 7631-86-9 / EC# 231-545-4 | Particle Size 1-100 nm |  |  |  |

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

**Eye contact** 

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.

Inhalation

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Skin contact

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 01/06/2022 Date of previous issue : 01/06/2022 Version : 4.05 4/19

Concrex Carbon Fibre - Curing Agent

### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### **Protection of first-aiders**

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.

The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

**Specific treatments**: No specific treatment.

# **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

**Unsuitable extinguishing** 

media

: None known.

### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture

: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being

discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

**Hazardous combustion** 

products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides metal oxide/oxides

### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Date of issue/Date of revision : 01/06/2022 Date of previous issue : 01/06/2022 Version : 4.05 5/19

Concrex Carbon Fibre - Curing Agent

# SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

**Special protective** equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

## **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

### 6.2 Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

**Small spill** 

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

#### Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.

### 6.4 Reference to other sections

: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance.

## 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

**Protective measures** 

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

: 01/06/2022 Date of issue/Date of revision Date of previous issue : 01/06/2022 Version : 4.05 6/19

Concrex Carbon Fibre - Curing Agent

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

# Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

### **Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds**

### **Danger criteria**

|    | Notification and MAPP threshold | Safety report threshold |
|----|---------------------------------|-------------------------|
| E2 | 200 tonne                       | 500 tonne               |

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations
Industrial sector specific solutions

Not available.Not available.

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

### 8.1 Control parameters

### Occupational exposure limits

### Ireland

| Product/ingredient name | Exposure limit values                                     |
|-------------------------|---|
| ethanol                 | NAOSH (Ireland, 1/2020). OELV-15min: 1000 ppm 15 minutes. |

# Recommended monitoring procedures

: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

### **DNELs/DMELs**

Date of issue/Date of revision : 01/06/2022 Date of previous issue : 01/06/2022 Version : 4.05 7/19

Concrex Carbon Fibre - Curing Agent

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

| Product/ingredient name                | Type | Exposure                 | Value                  | Population         | Effects  |
|--|------|--------------------------|------------------------|--------------------|----------|
| ethanol                                | DNEL | Long term Oral           | 87 mg/kg<br>bw/day     | General population | Systemic |
|  | DNEL | Long term<br>Inhalation  | 114 mg/m³              | General population | Systemic |
|  | DNEL | Long term Dermal         | 206 mg/kg<br>bw/day    | General population | Systemic |
|  | DNEL | Short term<br>Inhalation | 950 mg/m³              | General population | Local    |
|  | DNEL | Long term<br>Inhalation  | 950 mg/m³              | Workers            | Systemic |
| nitric acid, ammonium calcium salt     | DNEL | Short term Oral          | 10 mg/kg<br>bw/day     | General population | Systemic |
| 2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl) phenol | DNEL | Long term<br>Inhalation  | 0,31 mg/m <sup>3</sup> |                    | Systemic |

#### **PNECs**

| Product/ingredient name               | <b>Compartment Detail</b> | Value       | Method Detail |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------|---------------|
| titanium dioxide                      | Fresh water               | 0,127 mg/l  | -             |
|                                       | Marine                    | >1 mg/l     | -             |
|                                       | Sewage Treatment          | >100 mg/l   | -             |
|                                       | Plant                     |             |               |
|                                       | Fresh water sediment      | >1000 mg/kg | -             |
|                                       | Marine water sediment     | >100 mg/kg  | -             |
|                                       | Soil                      | 100 mg/kg   | -             |
|                                       | Marine water              | 0,0184 mg/l | -             |
|                                       | Fresh water               | 0,184 mg/l  | -             |
| 2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol | Fresh water               | 0,84 mg/l   | -             |

### 8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapour or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

### **Individual protection measures**

**Hygiene measures** 

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

### **Eye/face protection**

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. Use eye protection according to EN 166. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

### **Skin protection**

There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals.

The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product.

The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed.

Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material.

Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly.

The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance. Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 01/06/2022 Date of previous issue : 01/06/2022 Version : 4.05 8/19

Concrex Carbon Fibre - Curing Agent

# SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### **Hand protection**

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. > 8 hours (breakthrough time): > 8 hours (breakthrough time): nitrile rubber or Viton® gloves

The recommendation for the type or types of glove to use when handling this product is based on information from the following source: EN374. The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.

#### **Body protection**

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

### Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

### Respiratory protection

: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use. Recommended: organic vapour (Type A) and particulate filter (EN 141)

### **Environmental exposure** controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

# SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

**Physical state** : Liquid. Colour : Grey.

**Odour** : Ammoniacal. **Odour threshold** : Not available.

Melting point/freezing point

: Not available. Initial boiling point and

boiling range

: Not relevant due to nature of the product.

: Not available. Flammability (solid, gas) Upper/lower flammability or : Not available.

explosive limits

: Closed cup: >100°C (>212°F) [ASTM D 56] Flash point : Not relevant due to nature of the product. **Auto-ignition temperature** 

**Decomposition temperature** : Not available. pН : Not applicable.

pH: Justification : Product is non-soluble (in water).

**Viscosity** : Not available. : Not available. Solubility(ies) Solubility in water : Not available.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 01/06/2022 : 01/06/2022 Version : 4.05 9/19 Date of previous issue

Concrex Carbon Fibre - Curing Agent

# SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ : Not applicable.

water

Vapour pressure Vapour Pressure at 20°C Vapour pressure at 50°C

Ingredient name kPa mm Hg **kPa** Method mm Method Hg

**Evaporation rate** : Not available. **Relative density** : 1,14 [calculated.]

**Density** : 1,142107 g/cm³ [20°C (68°F)] [calculated.]

: Not available. Vapour density **Explosive properties** : Not available. **Oxidising properties** : Not available.

**Particle characteristics** 

Median particle size : Not applicable.

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical stability : The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid : No specific data.

10.5 Incompatible materials : No specific data.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

# SECTION 11: Toxicological information

## 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 **Acute toxicity**

| Product/ingredient name    | Result                 | Species | Dose                     | Exposure |
|----------------------------|------------------------|---------|--------------------------|----------|
| Phenol, styrenated         | LD50 Dermal            | Rabbit  | >5010 mg/kg              | -        |
|                            | LD50 Dermal            | Rat     | >2000 mg/kg              | -        |
|                            | LD50 Oral              | Rat     | 2500 mg/kg               | -        |
|                            | LD50 Oral              | Rat     | >2000 mg/kg              | -        |
| 2-piperazin-1-ylethylamine | LD50 Dermal            | Rabbit  | 880 mg/kg                | -        |
|                            | LD50 Dermal            | Rabbit  | 880 uL/kg                | -        |
|                            | LD50 Dermal            | Rat     | 866 mg/kg                | -        |
|                            | LD50 Oral              | Rat     | 1470 mg/kg               | -        |
|                            | LD50 Oral              | Rat     | 2140 mg/kg               | -        |
| ethanol                    | LC50 Inhalation Vapour | Rat     | 124700 mg/m <sup>3</sup> | 4 hours  |
|                            | LD50 Oral              | Rat     | 7 g/kg                   | -        |
| 2,4,6-tris                 | LD50 Dermal            | Rabbit  | 1242 mg/kg               | -        |
| (dimethylaminomethyl)      |                        |         |                          |          |
| phenol                     |                        |         |                          |          |
|                            | LD50 Oral              | Rat     | 1673 mg/kg               | -        |

Date of issue/Date of revision : 01/06/2022 10/19 : 01/06/2022 Date of previous issue Version : 4.05

Concrex Carbon Fibre - Curing Agent

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

Conclusion/Summary

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### **Acute toxicity estimates**

| Product/ingredient name            | Oral (mg/<br>kg) | Dermal<br>(mg/kg) | Inhalation<br>(gases)<br>(ppm) | Inhalation<br>(vapours)<br>(mg/l) | Inhalation<br>(dusts<br>and mists)<br>(mg/l) |
|------------------------------------|------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| Phenol, styrenated                 | 2500             | N/A               | N/A                            | N/A                               | N/A  |
| 2-piperazin-1-ylethylamine         | 1470             | 866               | N/A                            | N/A                               | N/A  |
| ethanol                            | 7000             | N/A               | N/A                            | 124,7                             | N/A  |
| nitric acid, ammonium calcium salt | 500              | N/A               | N/A                            | N/A                               | N/A  |

### **Irritation/Corrosion**

| Product/ingredient name    | Result                    | Species   | Score | Exposure           | Observation |
|----------------------------|---------------------------|-----------|-------|--------------------|-------------|
| Phenol, styrenated         | Eyes - Mild irritant      | Rabbit    | -     | 0.1 Mililiters     | -           |
| -                          | Skin - Mild irritant      | Rabbit    | -     | 0.5 Mililiters     | -           |
| 2-piperazin-1-ylethylamine | Eyes - Moderate irritant  | Rabbit    | -     | 24 hours 20        | -           |
|                            |                           |           |       | milligrams         |             |
|                            | Skin - Severe irritant    | Rabbit    | -     | 24 hours 5         | -           |
|                            |                           | 5         |       | milligrams         |             |
| ethanol                    | Eyes - Mild irritant      | Rabbit    | -     | 24 hours 500       | -           |
|                            | Fire Madauta imitaut      | Dalakit   |       | milligrams         |             |
|                            | Eyes - Moderate irritant  | Rabbit    | -     | 100<br>microliters | -           |
|                            | Eyes - Moderate irritant  | Rabbit    |       | 0,066666667        |             |
|                            | Eyes - Moderate Imitant   | Nappit    | -     | minutes 100        | -           |
|                            |                           |           |       | milligrams         |             |
|                            | Eyes - Severe irritant    | Rabbit    | _     | 500                | _           |
|                            | Lyss covers intant        | rassit    |       | milligrams         |             |
|                            | Skin - Mild irritant      | Rabbit    | -     | 400                | -           |
|                            |                           |           |       | milligrams         |             |
|                            | Skin - Moderate irritant  | Rabbit    | -     | 24 hours 20        | -           |
|                            |                           |           |       | milligrams         |             |
| 2,4,6-tris                 | Eyes - Severe irritant    | Rabbit    | -     | 24 hours 50        | -           |
| (dimethylaminomethyl)      |                           |           |       | Micrograms         |             |
| phenol                     |                           |           |       |                    |             |
|                            | Skin - Mild irritant      | Rat       | -     | 0.025              | -           |
|                            | Oldin Committee (         | D. 1.1.11 |       | Mililiters         |             |
|                            | Skin - Severe irritant    | Rabbit    | -     | 24 hours 2         | -           |
|                            | Claim Contains invitement | Det       |       | milligrams         |             |
|                            | Skin - Severe irritant    | Rat       | -     | 0.25 Mililiters    | -           |

### **Conclusion/Summary**

**Skin** : Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

**Eyes** : Causes serious eye damage.

**Respiratory**: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.

## **Sensitisation**

| Product/ingredient name                       | Route of exposure | Species    | Result          |
|---|-------------------|------------|-----------------|
| 2,4,6-tris<br>(dimethylaminomethyl)<br>phenol | skin              | Guinea pig | Not sensitizing |

### **Conclusion/Summary**

**Skin** : May cause an allergic skin reaction.

**Respiratory**: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Mutagenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary**: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 01/06/2022 Date of previous issue : 01/06/2022 Version : 4.05 11/19

Concrex Carbon Fibre - Curing Agent

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### Carcinogenicity

It has been observed that the carcinogenic hazard of this product arises when respirable dust is inhaled in quantities leading to significant impairment of particle clearance mechanisms in the lung.

Conclusion/Summary

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

| Product/ingredient name                       | Maternal toxicity | Fertility | Developmental<br>toxin | Species | Dose | Exposure |
|---|-------------------|-----------|------------------------|---------|------|----------|
| 2,4,6-tris<br>(dimethylaminomethyl)<br>phenol | -                 | -         | Negative               | Rat     | Oral | 28 days  |

**Conclusion/Summary**: May damage fertility or the unborn child.

**Teratogenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary**: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

| Product/ingredient name  | Category                 | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|--|--------------------------|-------------------|---------------|
| Concrex Carbon Fibre - Curing Agent 2-piperazin-1-ylethylamine | Category 1<br>Category 1 | -                 | -             |

### **Aspiration hazard**

Not available.

Information on likely routes

of exposure

: Not available.

#### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye damage.

**Inhalation** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Skin contact**: Causes severe burns. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

**Ingestion** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

Date of issue/Date of revision : 01/06/2022 Date of previous issue : 01/06/2022 Version : 4.05 12/19

Concrex Carbon Fibre - Curing Agent

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

Ingestion

 Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

### Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Short term exposure

**Potential immediate** 

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not

: Not available.

**Long term exposure** 

**Potential immediate** 

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

General

: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Once

sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very

low levels.

Carcinogenicity

Mutagenicity

No known significant effects or critical hazards.No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Reproductive toxicity**: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

**Endocrine disrupting** 

properties

: Not available.

Other information : Not available.

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

### 12.1 Toxicity

| Product/ingredient name                       | Result                               | Species                                    | Exposure |
|---|--------------------------------------|--|----------|
| 2-piperazin-1-ylethylamine                    | Acute LC50 2190000 μg/l Fresh water  | Fish - Pimephales promelas                 | 96 hours |
| ethanol                                       | Acute EC50 17,921 mg/l Marine water  | Algae - Ulva pertusa                       | 96 hours |
|   | Acute LC50 25500 μg/l Marine water   | Crustaceans - Artemia franciscana - Larvae | 48 hours |
|   | Acute LC50 5680 mg/l Fresh water     | Daphnia spec Daphnia<br>magna - Neonate    | 48 hours |
|   | Acute LC50 12720 ppm Fresh water     | Fish - Pimephales promelas                 | 96 hours |
|   | Chronic NOEC 4,995 mg/l Marine water | Algae - Ulva pertusa                       | 96 hours |
|   | Chronic NOEC 0,375 ul/L Fresh water  | Fish - Gambusia holbrooki -<br>Larvae      | 12 weeks |
| 2,4,6-tris<br>(dimethylaminomethyl)<br>phenol | Acute EC50 84 mg/l                   | Algae                                      | 72 hours |
|   | Acute LC50 180 to 240 mg/l           | Fish                                       | 96 hours |
|   | Acute LC50 175 mg/l                  | Fish - Cyprinus carpio                     | 96 hours |

**Conclusion/Summary**: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

## 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Date of issue/Date of revision : 01/06/2022 Date of previous issue : 01/06/2022 Version : 4.05 13/19

Concrex Carbon Fibre - Curing Agent

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

| Product/ingredient name                       | Test      | Result  | Dose | Inoculum |
|---|-----------|---|------|----------|
| ethanol                                       | -         | 97,36 % - Readily - 20 days<br>67,74 % - Readily - 5 days | -    | -        |
| 2,4,6-tris<br>(dimethylaminomethyl)<br>phenol | OECD 301D | 4 % - Not readily - 28 days                               | -    | -        |

### **Conclusion/Summary**

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. This product has not been tested for biodegradation.

| Product/ingredient name                                  | Aquatic half-life | Photolysis | Biodegradability       |
|--|-------------------|------------|------------------------|
| ethanol<br>2,4,6-tris<br>(dimethylaminomethyl)<br>phenol | -                 |            | Readily<br>Not readily |

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name  | LogPow                  | BCF | Potential         |
|--|-------------------------|-----|-------------------|
| 2-piperazin-1-ylethylamine<br>ethanol<br>2,4,6-tris<br>(dimethylaminomethyl)<br>phenol | -1,48<br>-0,35<br>0,219 | -   | low<br>low<br>low |

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Mobility : Not available.

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting

properties

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**12.7 Other adverse effects**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance.

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

### **Product**

**Methods of disposal** 

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

Hazardous waste : Yes. European waste catalogue (EWC)

Date of issue/Date of revision : 01/06/2022 Date of previous issue : 01/06/2022 Version : 4.05 14/19

Concrex Carbon Fibre - Curing Agent

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

| Waste code | Waste designation  |
|------------|--|
| 10 13 11   | wastes from cement-based composite materials other than those mentioned in 10 13 09 and 10 13 10 |

### **Special precautions**

: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

|                                    | ADR/RID  | ADN  | IMDG   | IATA  |
|------------------------------------|--|--|--|---|
| 14.1 UN number or ID number        | UN2735   | UN2735   | UN2735   | UN2735  |
| 14.2 UN proper shipping name       | Amines, liquid, corrosive, N.O.S. (2-piperazin-1-ylethylamine)   | Amines, liquid,<br>corrosive, N.O.S.<br>(2-piperazin-<br>1-ylethylamine)                                 | Amines, liquid,<br>corrosive, N.O.S.<br>(2-piperazin-<br>1-ylethylamine).<br>Marine pollutant<br>(Phenol, styrenated)  | Amines, liquid,<br>corrosive, N.O.S.<br>(2-piperazin-<br>1-ylethylamine)  |
| 14.3 Transport<br>hazard class(es) | 8  | 8  | 8  | 8   |
| 14.4 Packing group                 | II   | II   | II   | II  |
| 14.5<br>Environmental<br>hazards   | Yes.   | Yes.   | Yes.   | Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.  |
| Additional information             | The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg. Limited quantity 1L Tunnel code (E) | The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg. | The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg. Emergency schedules F-A, S-B Remarks : ≤ 1L: Limited Quantity - IMDG 3.4 | The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.  Quantity limitation Passenger and Cargo Aircraft: 1 L. Packaging instructions: 851. Cargo Aircraft Only: 30 L. Packaging instructions: 855. Limited Quantities - Passenger Aircraft: 0,5 L. Packaging instructions: Y840. |

user

14.6 Special precautions for : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

15/19 Date of issue/Date of revision : 01/06/2022 :01/06/2022 Version: 4.05 Date of previous issue

Concrex Carbon Fibre - Curing Agent

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

: Not available.

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

**Annex XIV** 

None of the components are listed.

**Substances of very high concern** 

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions : Not applicable.

on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

**Other EU regulations** 

VOC : The provisions of Directive 2004/42/EC on VOC apply to this product. Refer to the

product label and/or technical data sheet for further information.

VOC for Ready-for-Use

**Mixture** 

IIA/j. Two-pack reactive performance coatings for specific end use such as floors.

EU limit value for this product : 500g/l (2010.) This product contains a maximum of 10 g/l VOC.

Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) -

Air

: Not listed

: Not listed

Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) -

Water

Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EC)

Not listed.

Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EC)

Not listed.

Persistent Organic Pollutants (850/2004/EC)

Not listed.

**Seveso Directive** 

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

**Danger criteria** 

**Category** 

E2

**Ireland** 

Date of issue/Date of revision : 01/06/2022 Date of previous issue : 01/06/2022 Version : 4.05 16/19

Concrex Carbon Fibre - Curing Agent

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

References

: Safety, Health and Welfare at Work (Chemical Agents) Regulations 2001 (S.I. No. 619 of 2001)

Safety, Health and Welfare at Work (Carcinogens) Regulations 2001 (S.I. No. 78 of

2001)

Safety, Health and Welfare at Work (General Application) Regulations 2007 Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by

Regulation (EU) No. 2020/878

REGULATION (EU) 2016/425 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 9 March 2016 on personal protective equipment and repealing Council

Directive 89/686/EEC

#### International regulations

### **Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants**

| List name   | Ingredient name | Status |
|-------------|-----------------|--------|
| Not listed. |                 |        |

### Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

### **UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals**

| List name   | Ingredient name | Status |
|-------------|-----------------|--------|
| Not listed. |                 |        |

**CN code** : 3214 10 10 00

**Inventory list** 

**Australia** : All components are listed or exempted.

Canada : At least one component is not listed in DSL but all such components are listed in

NDSL.

China : Not determined.

Europe : All components are listed or exempted.Japan : Japan inventory (CSCL): Not determined.

Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.

New Zealand : All components are listed or exempted.

Philippines : At least one component is not listed.

Republic of Korea : All components are listed or exempted.

Taiwan : All components are listed or exempted.

Thailand : Not determined.

Turkey : Not determined.

United States : Not determined.

Viet Nam : Not determined.

15.2 Chemical safety

assessment

 This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still required.

## **SECTION 16: Other information**

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No.

1272/2008]

DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement

N/A = Not available

PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic

Date of issue/Date of revision : 01/06/2022 Date of previous issue : 01/06/2022 Version : 4.05 17/19

Concrex Carbon Fibre - Curing Agent

### **SECTION 16: Other information**

PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number

SGG = Segregation Group

vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

### Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

| Classification          | Justification   |
|-------------------------|-----------------|
| Skin Corr. 1B, H314     | Expert judgment |
| Eye Dam. 1, H318        | Expert judgment |
| Skin Sens. 1, H317      | Expert judgment |
| Repr. 2, H361           | Expert judgment |
| STOT RE 1, H372         | Expert judgment |
| Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 | Expert judgment |

#### Full text of abbreviated H statements

#### **Ireland**

Full text of abbreviated H statements

| H225 | Highly flammable liquid and vapour.                             |
|------|---|
| H302 | Harmful if swallowed.   |
| H311 | Toxic in contact with skin.                                     |
| H314 | Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.                        |
| H315 | Causes skin irritation.   |
| H317 | May cause an allergic skin reaction.                            |
| H318 | Causes serious eye damage.                                      |
| H319 | Causes serious eye irritation.                                  |
| H361 | Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.            |
| H372 | Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. |
| H411 | Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.                |
| H412 | Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.              |
|      |   |

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

Acute Tox. 3 **ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 3** Acute Tox. 4 **ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4** LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2 Aquatic Chronic 2 Aquatic LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3 Chronic 3 Eye Dam. 1 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 Eye Irrit. 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2 Flam. Liq. 2 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 Repr. 2 REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 2 Skin Corr. 1B SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B Skin Corr. 1C SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1C Skin Irrit. 2 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 Skin Sens. 1 SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1 Skin Sens. 1B SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1B SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED STOT RE 1 **EXPOSURE - Category 1** 

Date of printing : 16/03/2023 Date of issue/ Date of : 01/06/2022

revision

Date of previous issue : 01/06/2022

Version : 4.05

**Notice to reader** 

Date of issue/Date of revision : 01/06/2022 Date of previous issue : 01/06/2022 Version : 4.05 18/19

Concrex Carbon Fibre - Curing Agent

### **SECTION 16: Other information**

IMPORTANT NOTE: The information in this Safety Data Sheet is based on the present state of knowledge and current legislation. It provides guidance on health, safety and environmental aspects of the product and should not be construed as any guarantee of technical performance or suitability for particular applications. The information contained in this data sheet (as may be amended from time to time) is not intended to be exhaustive and is presented in good faith and believed to be correct as of the date on which it is prepared. It is the user's responsibility to verify that this data sheet is current prior to using the product to which it relates. Persons using the information must make their own determinations as to the suitability of the relevant product for their purposes prior to use. Where those purposes are other than as specifically recommended in this safety data sheet, then the user uses the product at their own risk.

MANUFACTURER'S DISCLAIMER: the conditions, methods and factors affecting the handling, storage, application, use and disposal of the product are not under the control and knowledge of the manufacturer. Therefore the manufacturer does not assume responsibility for any adverse events which may occur in the handling, storage, application, use, misuse or disposal of the product and, so far as permitted by applicable law, the manufacturer expressly disclaims liability for any and all loss, damages and/or expenses arising out of or in any way connected to the storage, handling, use or disposal of the product. Safe handling, storage, use and disposal are the responsibility of the users. Users must comply with all applicable health and safety laws.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.